## EE331 — Homework #3 / Due Wednesday, Feb. 5, 2020 at the beginning of class

- 1. A planar transmission line with w = 6 mm, d = 0.25 mm, and t = 25 mm has conducting plates with  $\sigma_c = 5.5 \times 10^7 \text{ S/m}$  and a dielectric with  $\sigma = 3.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ S/m}$  and  $\varepsilon = 25 \text{ pF/m}$ . Calculate R, L, G, and C for f = 750 MHz. Assume  $\mu = \mu_c = \mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ H/m}$ .
- 2. For Prob. #1, calculate (a) the propagation constant  $\gamma$  and (b) the characteristic impedance of the line  $Z_0$ . (c) The attenuation is non-zero, so we know the line is lossy. What's the cause of this loss?
- 3. Now connect the line of Prob. #1 to a load with an impedance of 100  $\Omega$ . Calculate (a) the voltage reflection coefficient and (b) the standing wave ratio.
- 4. Next connect the other end of the line of Prob. #1 to a signal generator with  $V_g = 12$  V,  $\theta_g = 0$ , and  $Z_g = 10 \Omega$ . Let the length of the line be l = 15 cm. Calculate (a) the input impedance  $Z_{in}$  and (b)  $V_0^+$ . Be sure to use the equation I gave in class, not the equation for  $V_0^+$  in the book.
- 5. *Putting it all together!* Finally, (a) find  $V_s(z)$  anywhere along the line with the load and generator as given and using the various parameters you found in the other problems and (b) convert  $V_s(z)$  to its instantaneous form.