

1.)
a)

$$\vec{A} = 4\hat{a}_x - 2\hat{a}_y + 6\hat{a}_z$$

$$\vec{B} = 12\hat{a}_x + 18\hat{a}_y - 8\hat{a}_z$$

$$\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B} = (4\hat{a}_x - 2\hat{a}_y + 6\hat{a}_z) \cdot (12\hat{a}_x + 18\hat{a}_y - 8\hat{a}_z)$$

$$= 4 \cdot 12 + (-2) \cdot 18 + 6(-8)$$

$$= -36.$$

$\hat{a}_x \cdot \hat{a}_x = 1$
$\hat{a}_x \cdot \hat{a}_y = 0$
$\hat{a}_x \cdot \hat{a}_z = 0$
$\hat{a}_y \cdot \hat{a}_x = 0$
$\hat{a}_y \cdot \hat{a}_y = 1$
$\hat{a}_y \cdot \hat{a}_z = 0$
$\hat{a}_z \cdot \hat{a}_x = 0$
$\hat{a}_z \cdot \hat{a}_y = 0$
$\hat{a}_z \cdot \hat{a}_z = 1$

$$b) \vec{A} \times \vec{B} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{a}_x & \hat{a}_y & \hat{a}_z \\ A_x & A_y & A_z \\ B_x & B_y & B_z \end{vmatrix}$$

where, $\vec{A} = A_x \hat{a}_x + A_y \hat{a}_y + A_z \hat{a}_z$
 $\vec{B} = B_x \hat{a}_x + B_y \hat{a}_y + B_z \hat{a}_z$

where $\hat{a}_x, \hat{a}_y, \hat{a}_z$ are unit vectors along x, y and z directions respectively.

$$\therefore \vec{A} \times \vec{B} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{a}_x & \hat{a}_y & \hat{a}_z \\ 4 & -2 & 6 \\ 12 & 18 & -8 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= [(-2)(-8) - 18 \cdot 6] \hat{a}_x - [4(-8) - 12 \cdot 6] \hat{a}_y + [4 \cdot 18 + 12 \cdot 2] \hat{a}_z$$

$$= -92\hat{a}_x + 104\hat{a}_y + 96\hat{a}_z.$$

c) Unit vector of $\vec{A}$ be $\hat{a}$.

$$\vec{A} = |\vec{A}| \hat{a}$$

$$\therefore \hat{a} = \frac{\vec{A}}{|\vec{A}|} = \frac{4\hat{a}_x - 2\hat{a}_y + 6\hat{a}_z}{\sqrt{4^2 + 2^2 + 6^2}}$$

$$= 0.534\hat{a}_x - 0.26726\hat{a}_y + 0.8017\hat{a}_z$$

2.) $\vec{A} = 4\hat{a}_x - 2\hat{a}_y + 6\hat{a}_z$

a) $\vec{B} = 12\hat{a}_x + 18\hat{a}_y - 8\hat{a}_z$

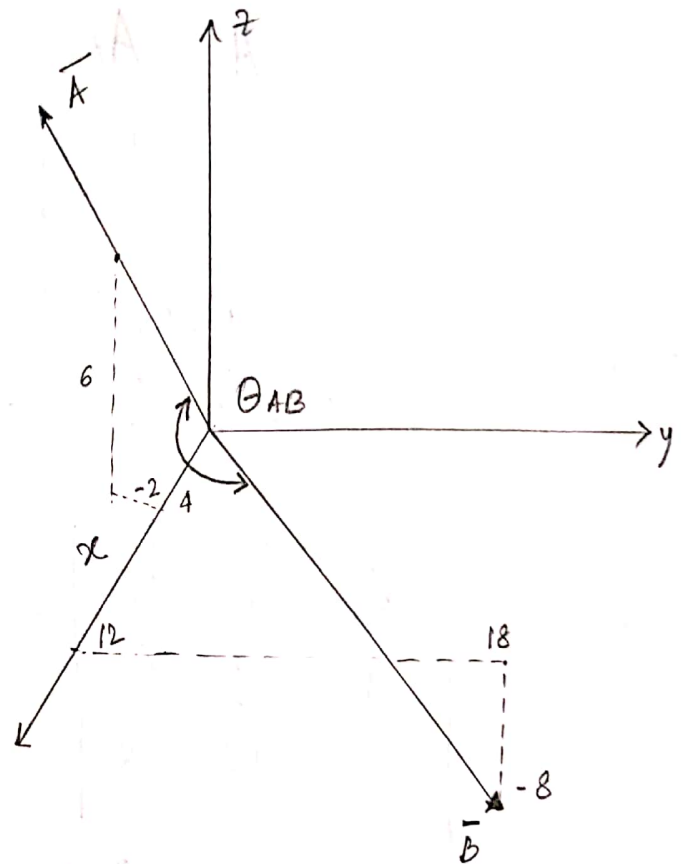
$$\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B} = |\vec{A}| |\vec{B}| \cos \theta_{AB}$$

$$\cos \theta_{AB} = \frac{\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B}}{|\vec{A}| |\vec{B}|}$$

$$= \frac{-36}{\sqrt{4^2 + 2^2 + 6^2} \cdot \sqrt{12^2 + 18^2 + 8^2}}$$

$$= -0.2085$$

$$\theta_{AB} = 102.03^\circ$$



b) Scalar projection of $\vec{A}$ along $\vec{B}$ is given by

$$\text{proj}_{\vec{B}}(\vec{A}) = \frac{\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B}}{|\vec{B}|}$$

$$= \frac{-36}{\sqrt{12^2 + 18^2 + 8^2}} = -1.5608$$

c) Vector projection of $\vec{B}$ along $\vec{A}$ is given by

$$\text{proj}_{\vec{A}}(\vec{B}) = \frac{\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B}}{|\vec{A}|} \cdot \frac{\vec{A}}{|\vec{A}|} = \frac{\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B}}{|\vec{A}|^2} \cdot \vec{A}$$

$$= \frac{-36}{56} (4\hat{a}_x - 2\hat{a}_y + 6\hat{a}_z)$$

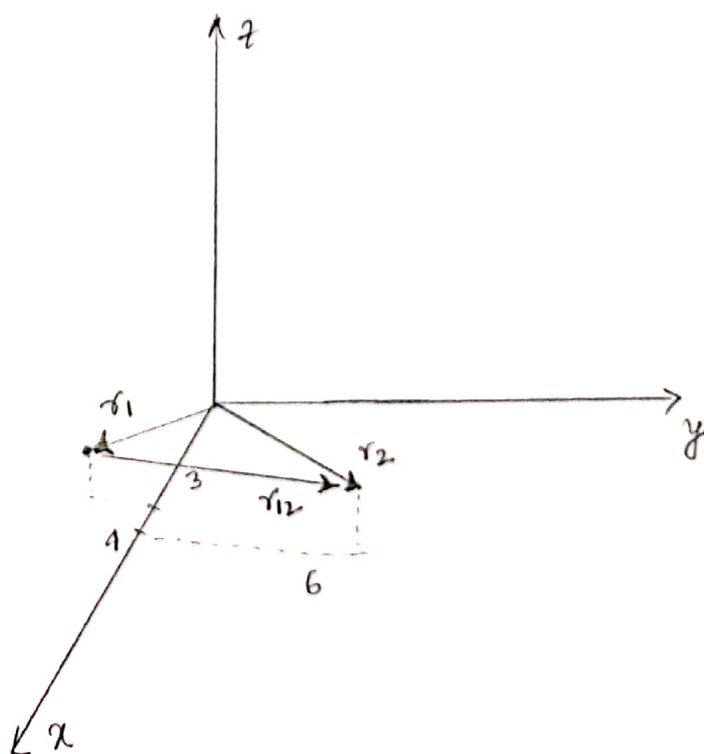
$$= -2.5714\hat{a}_x + 1.2857\hat{a}_y - 3.8571\hat{a}_z$$

3) Position vectors

a) $\vec{r}_1 = (3, -2, 1) \text{ m}$
 $\vec{r}_2 = (4, 6, 2) \text{ m}$

b) $\vec{r}_{12} + \vec{r}_1 = \vec{r}_2$

$$\vec{r}_{12} = \vec{r}_2 - \vec{r}_1 = (1, 8, 1) \text{ m.}$$



c) Distance^{of} $\vec{r}_{12} = |\vec{r}_{12}| = \sqrt{1^2 + 8^2 + 1^2} = \sqrt{66}$
 $= 8.124 \text{ m.}$